

INDONESIAN SUGAR RESEARCH JOURNAL

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PUBLICATION ETICS

Journal Cauchy is a peer-reviewed electronic national journal. This statement clarifies ethical behaviour of all parties involved in the act of publishing an article in this journal, including the author, the chief editor, the Editorial Board, the peer-reviewer and the publisher (Mathematics Department of Maulana Malik Ibrahim State Islamic University of Malang). This statement is based on COPE's Best Practice Guidelines for Journal Editors.

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PUBLICATION ETICS

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1. Reporting Standards:

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Proper acknowledgement of the work of others must always be given. Authors should cite publications that have been influential in determining the nature of the reported work.

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Authorship should be limited to those who have made a significant contribution to the conception, design, execution, or interpretation of the reported study. All those who have made significant contributions should be listed as co-authors. Where there are others who have participated in certain substantive aspects of the research project, they should be acknowledged or listed as contributors. The corresponding author should ensure that all appropriate co-authors and no inappropriate co-authors are included on the paper and that all co-authors have seen and approved the final version of the paper and have agreed to its submission for publication.

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All authors should disclose in their manuscript any financial or another substantive conflict of interest that might be construed to influence the results or interpretation of their manuscript. All sources of financial support for the project should be disclosed.

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When an author discovers a significant error or inaccuracy in his/her own published work, it is the author's obligation to promptly notify the journal editor or publisher and cooperate with the editor to retract or correct the paper.

INDONESIAN SUGAR RESEARCH JOURNAL

Volume 1, Issue 1, June 2021

PUBLICATION ETICS

9. **Hazards and Human or Animal Subjects:**

If the work involves chemicals, procedures or equipment that have any unusual hazards inherent in their use, the author must clearly identify these in the manuscript.

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2. **Confidentiality:**

The editor and any editorial staff must not disclose any information about a submitted manuscript to anyone other than the corresponding author, reviewers, potential reviewers, other editorial advisers, and the publisher, as appropriate.

3. **Disclosure and Conflicts of Interest:**

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4. **Publication Decisions:**

The editor board journal is responsible for deciding which of the articles submitted to the journal should be published. The validation of the work in question and its importance to researchers and readers must always drive such decisions. The editors may be guided by the policies of the journal's editorial board and constrained by such legal requirements as shall then be in force regarding libel, copyright infringement and plagiarism. The editors may confer with other editors or reviewers in making this decision.

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1. **Contribution to Editorial Decisions:**

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2. **Promptness:**

Any selected referee who feels unqualified to review the research reported in a manuscript or knows that its prompt review will be impossible should notify the editor and excuse himself from the review process

INDONESIAN SUGAR RESEARCH JOURNAL

Volume 1, Issue 1, June 2021

PUBLICATION ETICS

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INDONESIAN SUGAR RESEARCH JOURNAL

Volume 1, Issue 1, June 2021

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